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**DATE(S) ISSUED:**

12/04/2013

**SUBJECT:**

Multiple Vulnerabilities in Google Chrome Could Allow Remote Code Execution

**OVERVIEW:**

Multiple vulnerabilities have been discovered in Google Chrome that could allow remote code execution or cause denial-of-service conditions. Google Chrome is a web browser used to access the Internet. These vulnerabilities can be exploited if a user visits, or is redirected to, a specially crafted web page.

Successful exploitation of these vulnerabilities may result in either an attacker gaining the same privileges as the logged on user. Depending on the privileges associated with the user, an attacker could install programs; view, change, or delete data; or create new accounts with full user rights.

**SYSTEMS AFFECTED:**

- Google Chrome Prior to 31.0.1650.63

**RISK:**

**Government:**

- Large and medium government entities: **High**
- Small government entities: **High**

**Businesses:**

- Large and medium business entities: **High**
- Small business entities: **High**

**Home users: High**

**DESCRIPTION:**

Multiple vulnerabilities have been discovered in Google Chrome. Details of these vulnerabilities are as follows:

- A session-fixation vulnerability in sync related to 302 redirects. [CVE-2013-6634]
- A use-after-free issue exists in editing. [CVE-2013-6635]
- Multiple unspecified issues affect the application. [CVE-2013-6637]
- An address bar spoofing vulnerability exists related to modal dialogs. [CVE-2013-6636]
- A buffer-overflow vulnerability exists in the v8. [CVE-2013-6638]
- An out-of-bounds write error in the v8. [CVE-2013-6639]
- An out-of-bounds read issue in the v8. [CVE-2013-6640]

Successful exploitation of some of the above vulnerabilities could result in an attacker gaining the same privileges as the user. Depending on the privileges associated with the user, an attacker could install programs; view, change, delete data; or create new accounts with full user rights. Failed exploit attempts will likely cause denial-of-service conditions.

## **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

The following actions should be taken:

- Update vulnerable Google Chrome products immediately after appropriate testing by following the steps outlined by Google.
- Run all software as a non-privileged user (one without administrative privileges) to diminish the effects of a successful attack.
- Remind users not to visit un-trusted websites or follow links provided by unknown or un-trusted sources.
- Do not open email attachments or click on URLs from unknown or un-trusted sources.

## **REFERENCES:**

### **Google:**

<http://googlechromereleases.blogspot.com/2013/12/stable-channel-update.html>

### **CVE:**

<http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2013-6634>

<http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2013-6635>

<http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2013-6636>

<http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2013-6637>

<http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2013-6638>

<http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2013-6639>

<http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2013-6640>

**SecurityFocus:**

<http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/64078>